

### 1.GENERAL

### 1.1 SCOPE

This specification covers Optical Ground Wire Cables (OPGW) for the installation on high voltage overhead power lines. The cable contains optical fibers for data transmission and telecom purposes and is installed instead of a ground wire.

The specification describes the basic design of an OPGW-cable with its main components: the fibers, the optical fiber unit and the cable armoring. Furthermore this specification contains information concerning the quality assurance during manufacturing, the final acceptance tests, the type tests and the packaging. Any technical data mentioned in this product specification serve for describing the product only and should not be understood as an assurance of properties.

### 1.2 Cable Description

Cable which has the dual performance functions of a conventional ground wire with telecommunication capabilities.

### 1.3 Quality

KEYSTONE ensures a continuing level of quality in our cable products through several quality control programs including ISO 9001.

## 1.4 Reliability

KEYSTONE ensures product reliability through rigorous qualification testing of each product family. Both initial and periodic qualification testing are performed to assure the cable's performance and durability in the field environments.

# 1.5 Reference

The cable which KEYSTONE offered are designed, manufactured and tested according to international standards as follows:

IEC 60793-1	Optical fiber Part 1: Generic specifications			
IEC 60793-2	Optical fiber Part 2: Product specifications			
ITU-T G.652	Characteristics of a single-mode optical fiber cable			
ITU-T G.655	Characteristics of a non-zero dispersion-shifted single-mode optical fiber and			
110-1 0.000	cable			
EIA/TIA 598 B	Color code of fiber optic cables			
IEC 60794-4-10	Aerial optical cables along electrical			
1EC 00794-4-10	power lines – Family specification for OPGW			
IEC 60794-1-2	Optical fiber cables-Part 1-2: Generic specification-Basic optical cable test			
120 007 94-1-2	procedures			
IEEE1138-2009	IEEE Standard for testing and performance for optical ground wire (OPGW)			
ILLL1130-2009	for use on electric utility power lines			
IEC 61232	Aluminum – clad steel wire for electrical purposes			
IEC 60104	Aluminum magnesium-silicon alloy wire for overhead line conductors			
IEC 61089	Round wire concentric lay overhead electrical stranded conductors			



# 2. OPTICAL FIBER SPECIFICATION-Corning SMF-28e

## Fiber Attenuation

#### Maximum Attenuation

Wavelength	Maximum Value*
(nm)	(dB/km)
1310	0.33 - 0.35
1383**	0.31 - 0.35
1550	0.19 - 0.20
1625	0.20 - 0.23

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum specified attenuation value available within the stated ranges.

\*\*Attenuation values at this wavelength represent post-hydrogen

aging performance. Alternate attenuation offerings available upon request.

#### Attenuation vs. Wavelength

Range	Ref. λ	Max. α Difference
(nm)	(nm)	(dB/km)
1285 - 1330	1310	0.03
1525 - 1575	1550	0.02

The attenuation in a given wavelength range does not exceed the attenuation of the reference wavelength (A.) by more than the value  $\alpha$ .

#### Macrobend Loss

AT ARREST OF STREET ALCOHOL						
Mandrel	Number	Wavelength	Induced			
Diameter	of	(nm)	Attenuation*			
(mm)	Turns		(dB)			
32	1	1550	≤0.05			
50	100	1310	≤0.05			
50	100	1550	≤0.05			
60	100	1625	≤0.05			

<sup>\*</sup>The induced attenuation due to fiber wrapped around a mandrel of a specified diameter.

### Point Discontinuity

Wavelength	Point Discontinuity
(nm)	(dB)
1310	≤0.05
1550	≤0.05

# Cable Cutoff Wavelength ( $\lambda_{ccf}$ )

λ<sub>eef</sub> ≤ 1260 nm

### Mode-Field Diameter

Wavelength	MFD
(nm)	(µm)
1310	9.2 ± 0.4
1550	10.4 ± 0.5

### Dispersion

Wavelength	Dispersion Value
(nm)	[ps/(nm•km)]
1550	≤18.0
1625	≤22.0

Zero Dispersion Wavelength ( $\lambda_0$ ): 1302 nm  $\leq \lambda_0 \leq$  1322 nm Zero Dispersion Slope ( $S_0$ ):  $\leq 0.089$  ps/(nm<sup>2</sup>\*km)

# Polarization Mode Dispersion (PMD)

	Value (ps/√km)
PMD Link Design Value	≤0.06*
Maximum Individual Fiber	≤0.2

<sup>\*</sup>Complies with IEC 60794-3: 2001, Section 5.5, Method 1, (m = 20, Q = 0.01%), September 2001.

The PMD link design value is a term used to describe the PMD of concatenated lengths of fiber (also known as  $PMD_Q$ ). This value represents a statistical upper limit for total link PMD. Individual PMD values may change when fiber is cabled. Corning's fiber specification supports network design requirements for a 0.20 ps/ $\sqrt{km}$  maximum PMD.

# **Dimensional Specifications**

## Glass Geometry

Fiber Curl	≥ 4.0 m radius of curvature
Cladding Diameter	125.0 ± 0.7 μm
Core-Clad Concentricity	≤ 0.5 µm
Cladding Non-Circularity	≤ 0.7%

# **Coating Geometry**

Coating Diameter	245 ± 5 μm
Coating-Cladding Concentricity	<12 μm

# **Environmental Specifications**

Environmental Test	Test Condition	Induced Attenuation 1310 nm, 1550 nm & 1625 nm (dB/km)
Temperature Dependence	-60°C to +85°C*	≤0.05
Temperature Humidity Cycling	-10°C to +85°C* up to 98% RH	≤0.05
Water Immersion	23°± 2°C	≤0.05
Heat Aging	85°± 2°C*	≤0.05
Damp Heat	85°C at 85% RH	≤0.05

<sup>\*</sup>Reference temperature = +23°C

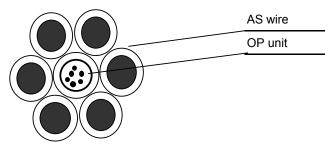
Operating Temperature Range: -60°C to +85°C



Cable Type: OPGW - 1C 1/24B1 (0/70 -31.2)

Industry standard: OPGW-24B1-70 [58.4;31.2]

**Cross Section:** 



		Name	No	Name	No	Mate	erial Dia.
	Fiber	G.652	24				
	Center	SUS Tube	1	Fibers	24	Tube-Dia.	3.80 mm
Structure	Layer1	30%ASwire	6			Diameter	3.85 mm

	According to IEC, IEEE standards						
	Stranded:core and layer1 greased						
	stranding direction of outer layer is right hand(Z-stranding)						
	Cable Diameter	11.50	mm				
	Cable Weight	427	kg/km				
	Supporting Cross Section	70	mm²				
	Section of AS Wire 69.85 mm <sup>2</sup>						
	Lillian to Tonsile Oten oth (UTO)	C1 F	L-N1				
	Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS)						
	Rated Tensile Strength (RTS)	58.4					
Technical Data	Modulus of Elasticity (E-Modulus)		kN/mm²				
	Thermal Elongation Coefficient	13.8	×10 <sup>-6</sup> /℃				
	Permissible Maximum Working Stress (40% RTS)	334.4	N/mm <sup>2</sup>				
	Everyday Stress (EDS) (16%~25% RTS)	133.8 ~209	N/mm <sup>2</sup>				
	Ultimate Exceptional Stress (70% RTS)	585.2	N/mm <sup>2</sup>				
	DC Resistance	0.834	Ω/ĸm				
	Short Time Current (1s, 40°C~200°C)	5.58	kA				
	Onort Time Ourient Oapacity 1 t	31.2	kA <sup>2</sup> s				
	Minimum Bending Radiu Installation:	230	mm				
	Operating:	172	mm				
	Ratio between Pull and Weight	13.9	km				
Temperature	Installation	-10℃ ~ +50	$\mathbb{C}$				
Range:	Transportation and Operation	-40℃ ~ +80	${\mathbb C}$				

Remarks: All Sizes and Values are Nominal Values

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# 4.1 Color code of fiber in OPGW shall be identified referring to the following table:

# Typical number of fiber: 24

Remark	Fiber No. & Color						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
With aut Calar Dina	Blue	Orange	Green	Brown	Gray	White	
Without Color Ring	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	Red	Black	Yellow	Violet	Pink	Aqua	
	13	14	15	16	17	18	
With S60 Color	Blue	Orange	Green	Brown	Gray	White	
Ring	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	Red	Nature	Yellow	Violet	Pink	Aqua	
Remark: The black color with color ring is changed into nature color.							

# Color ring method:

S60: Use single black color ring on the fiber surface with 60mm alternation:

